UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA

DUAN WINFREY,)
Petitioner,)) N 040 0450 NG WGW
v.) No. 2:12-cv-0156-JMS-WGH
EDWARD BROWN,))
Respondent.)

Entry Discussing Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus

For the reasons explained in this Entry, the petition of Duan Winfrey ("Winfrey") for a writ of habeas corpus must be **denied** and this action **dismissed** with **prejudice**.

Background

The pleadings and the expanded record in this action establish the following:

- 1. Winfrey is confined at an Indiana prison. He seeks a writ of habeas corpus with respect to a prison disciplinary proceeding identified as No. IYC 11-09-0215, wherein he was found guilty of having violated prison rules of conduct by committing assault on staff.
- 2. A conduct report was issued on September 15, 2011, reciting that during the evening of September 11, 2011, Winfrey assaulted Officer Powell.
- 3. After being supplied with a copy of the written charge and notified of his procedural rights, a hearing was commenced on October 5, 2011, and completed on October 11, 2012. Winfrey was found guilty of the misconduct with which he had been charged. He was sanctioned, in part, with the deprivation of a period of earned good-time and a demotion in his credit class, his administrative appeals were rejected, and this action followed.

Discussion

A federal court may issue a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. '2254(a) only if it finds the applicant Ais in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States. *Id.* When a prison disciplinary proceeding

results in a sanction which affects the expected duration of a prisoner-s confinement, typically through the deprivation of earned good-time credits or the demotion in credit earning class, the state may not deprive inmates of good-time credits without following constitutionally adequate procedures to ensure that the credits are not arbitrarily rescinded and habeas corpus is the proper remedy. *Cochran v. Buss,* 381 F.3d 637, 639 (7th Cir. 2004).

"Prison disciplinary proceedings are not part of a criminal prosecution, and the full panoply of rights due a defendant in such proceedings does not apply." Wolff v. McDonnell, 418 U.S. 539, 556 (1974). In these circumstances, Winfrey was entitled to the following process before being deprived of his liberty interests: (1) advance (at least 24 hours before hearing) written notice of the claimed violation; (2) the opportunity to be heard before an impartial decision-maker; (3) the opportunity to call witnesses and present documentary evidence (when consistent with institutional safety); and (4) a written statement by the fact-finder of the evidence relied on and the reasons for the disciplinary action. Rasheed-Bey v. Duckworth, 969 F.2d 357, 361 (7th Cir. 1992). In addition, there is a substantive component to the issue, which requires that the decision of a conduct board be supported by "some evidence." Superintendent v. Hill, 472 U.S. 445 (1985).

Under *Wolff* and *Hill*, Winfrey received all the process to which he was entitled. That is, the charge was clear, adequate notice was given, and the evidence was sufficient. In addition, (1) Winfrey was given the opportunity to appear before the conduct board and make a statement concerning the charge, (2) the conduct board issued a sufficient statement of its findings, and (3) the conduct board issued a written reason for its decision and for the sanctions which were imposed.

"The touchstone of due process is protection of the individual against arbitrary action of the government." *Wolff,* 418 U.S. at 558. There was no arbitrary action in any aspect of the charge, disciplinary proceedings, or sanctions involved in the events identified in this action, and there was no constitutional infirmity in the proceeding which entitles Winfrey to the relief he seeks. Accordingly, Winfrey's petition for a writ of habeas corpus must be **denied** and the action dismissed. Judgment consistent with this Entry shall now issue.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: 01/02/2013

Hon. Jane Magnus-Stinson, Judge United States District Court Southern District of Indiana

Distribution:

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